

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1 - 22 (canceled)

C1 23. (previously presented) A method for fabricating multilevel metal interconnections having low dielectric constant insulators on a substrate comprising the steps of:

providing first metal lines, formed over said substrate;
coating a layer of low dielectric constant insulating material on and in between said metal lines;
curing the low dielectric constant material;
depositing a thin layer of an adhesion promoter and stabilizing material on the low dielectric constant material;
depositing a silicon oxide cap layer on the adhesion promoter and over the low dielectric constant material; and
planarizing the silicon oxide cap layer by chemical mechanical polish (CMP).

24. (previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein said low dielectric constant material is spun on dielectric, deposited to a thickness of about 4,000 to 12,000 Angstroms, with curing conditions at 400°C for 1 hr., in a nitrogen ambient gas flow from about 1 to 30 SLM, oxygen less than 10 ppm.

25. (previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein said layer of adhesion promoter and stabilizer is a non-oxide compound.

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26. (previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein said layer of adhesion promoter and stabilizer is silicon nitride, deposited by plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition to a thickness of between about 200 and 500 Angstroms.

27. (previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein said silicon oxide cap layer is deposited by plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition, to a thickness of between about 4,000 to 16,000 Angstroms.

28. (withdrawn) A method for fabricating multilevel metal interconnections having low dielectric constant insulators on a substrate comprising the steps of:

providing first metal lines, formed over said substrate, said metal lines having a top hard mask layer;

coating a layer of low dielectric constant insulating material on and in between said first metal lines;

curing the low dielectric constant material;

chemically mechanically polishing back and planarizing the surface of said low dielectric constant material to the level of said top hard mask layer;

depositing a second layer of low dielectric material over said first layer of low dielectric constant material and over said metal lines;

curing the second layer of low dielectric constant material; and depositing a second hard mask layer over the second low dielectric constant layer.

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cont.

29. (withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said top hard mask layer comprises silicon nitride and silicon oxide, wherein said silicon oxide is deposited by plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition to a thickness of between about 200 and 500 Angstroms, and said silicon nitride is deposited to a thickness of between about 1,000 and 2,000 Angstroms.

30. (withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said first low dielectric constant material is spun on dielectric, and is deposited by spin coating to a thickness of between about 4,000 and 12,000 Angstroms, and cured at about 400°C, for about 1 hr., in N₂ gas flow of 1 to 30 SLM, and in O₂ of less than about 10 ppm.

31. (withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said chemical mechanical polishing conditions are: polishing rate 1,000 to 2,500 A/mm, platen speed of 20 to 80 rpm, carry speed of 20 to 80 rpm, downward force 2 to 8 psi, backside pressure from 1 to 7 psi.

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32. (withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said second low dielectric constant material is a spun on dielectric, deposited by spin coating to a thickness of about 4,000 to 12,000 Angstroms, with curing conditions of 400°C, 1 hr., in N₂ gas at a flow rate of about 1 to 30 SLM, and in O₂ of less than about 10 ppm.

33. (withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said second hard mask layer comprises silicon nitride and silicon oxide deposited by plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition, to a thickness of about 200 to 500 Angstroms of silicon nitride and to a thickness of about 1,000 to 2,000 Angstroms of silicon oxide.

34. (withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said top hard mask layer is selected from the group consisting of silicon nitride and silicon oxide, solely silicon nitride, or solely silicon oxide.

35. (withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein said second hard mask layer is selected from the group consisting of silicon nitride and silicon oxide, solely silicon nitride, or solely silicon oxide.

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36. (withdrawn) A method for fabricating multilevel metal interconnections having low dielectric constant insulators on a substrate comprising the steps of:

providing first metal lines, formed over said substrate, said metal lines having a dielectric anti-reflective layer thereover, and a top hard mask layer over said dielectric anti-reflective layer;

coating a layer of low dielectric constant insulating material on and in between said first metal lines;

curing the low dielectric constant material;

chemically mechanically polishing back and planarizing the surface of said low dielectric constant material to the level of said top hard mask layer;

depositing a layer of adhesion promoter over the top hard mask layer and over said low dielectric constant insulating material;

and depositing a silicon oxide cap layer on the adhesion promoter layer.

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37. (withdrawn) The method of claim 36, wherein said top hard mask layer comprises silicon nitride and silicon oxide deposited by plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition, to a thickness of about 200 to 500 Angstroms of silicon nitride and to a thickness of about 1,000 to 2,000 Angstroms of silicon oxide.

38. (withdrawn) The method of claim 36, wherein said top hard mask layer is selected from the group consisting of silicon nitride and silicon oxide, solely silicon nitride, or solely silicon oxide.

39. (withdrawn) The method of claim 36, wherein said low dielectric constant material is low dielectric constant spun on dielectric, deposited by spin coating to a thickness of about 4,000 to 12,000 Angstroms, with curing conditions of 400°C, 1 hr., in N₂ gas flow 1 to 30 SLM, and in O₂ of less than 10 ppm.

40. (withdrawn) The method of claim 36, wherein said layer of adhesion promoter and stabilizer is silicon nitride deposited by plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition in a thickness range from about 200 to 500 Angstroms.

41. (withdrawn) The method of claim 36, wherein said layer of cap oxide is silicon oxide deposited by plasma enhanced

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chemical vapor deposition, to a thickness range from about 4,000
C1 to 12,000 Angstroms.
